Advancing Excellence in Government Finance



To Build Thriving Communities

Your Equity in Budgeting Presenters





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GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION





Why GFOA believes equity is important consideration for government finance officers

Equity is a necessary ingredient to increase public trust in government

Our Values Based Code of Ethics





















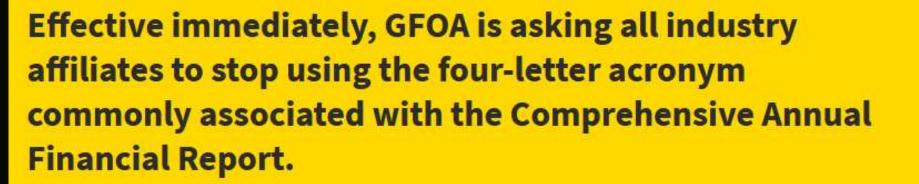
GFOA Code of Ethics

I commit to valuing diversity within my organization and within my community, recognizing my own biases, and calling out unfair discrimination of any kind.

Living the values of our code

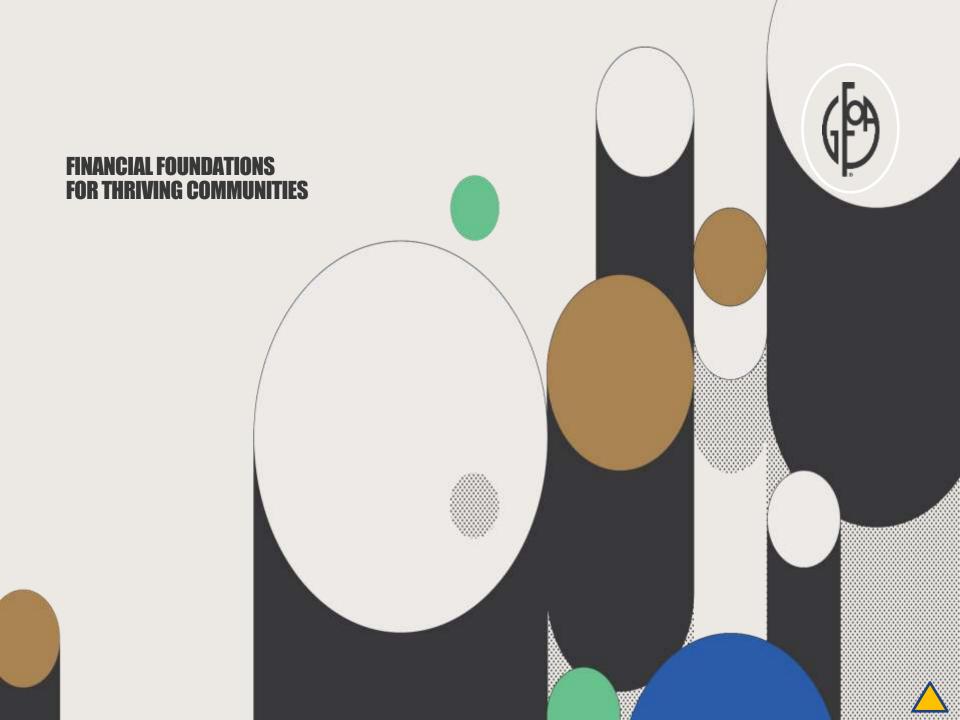
End the Acronym

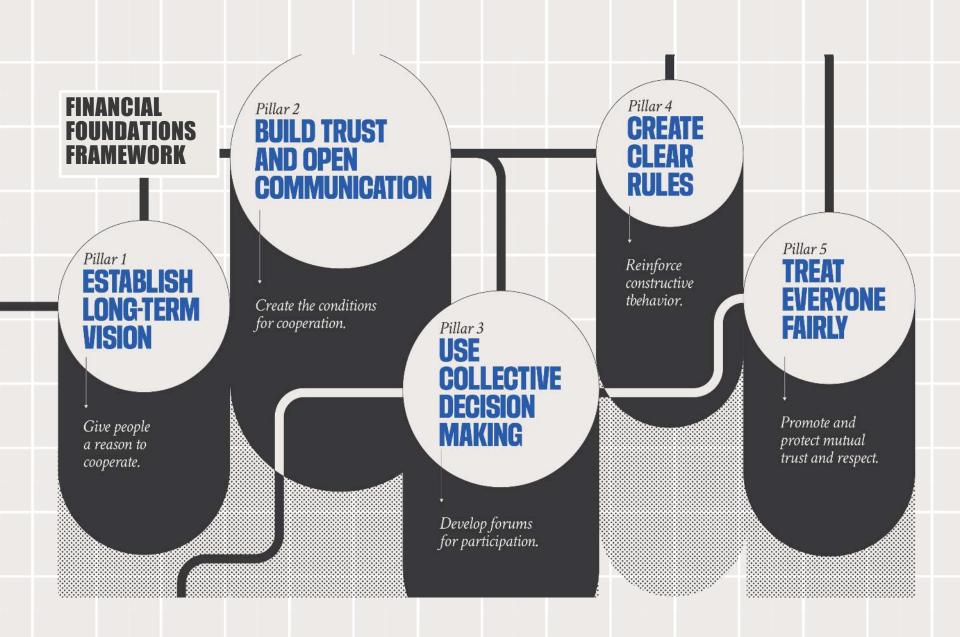
GFOA issues new guidance on the proper referencing of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



The Research approach to our work



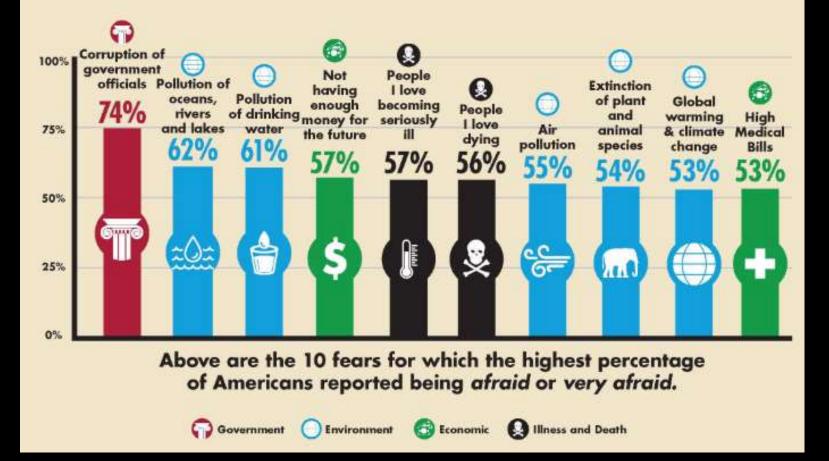






Trust is critical to government legitimacy and equity is a key ingredient of building trust

Top 10 Fears of 2018



Source: Chapman University Poll

Complete List of Fears (2020)		% Afraid or Very Afraid
1.	Corrupt government officials	79.6%
2.	People I love dying	58.5%
3.	A loved one contracting the coronavirus (COVID-19)	58%
4.	People I love becoming seriously ill	57.3%
5.	Widespread civil unrest	56.5%
6.	A pandemic or a major epidemic?	55.8%
7.	Economic/financial collapse	54.8%
8.	Cyber-terrorism	51%
9.	Pollution of oceans, rivers and lakes	50.8%
10.	Biological warfare	49.3%

Source: Chapman University Poll

Declining Trust in State/Local Government

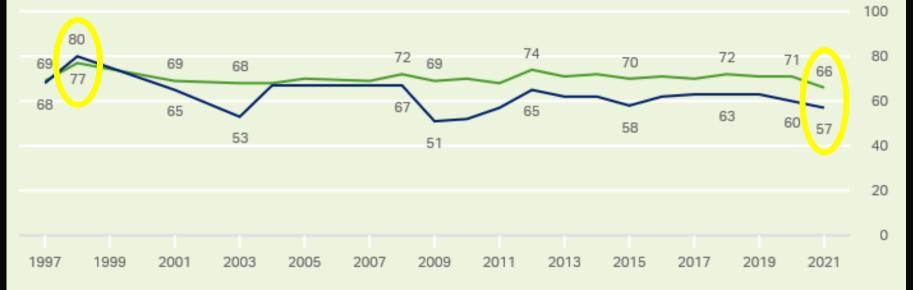
Trust in Local and State Governments' Handling of Problems

How much trust and confidence do you have in the [local/state] government where you live when it comes to handling [local/state] problems -- a great deal, a fair amount, not very much or none at all?

% A great deal/fair amount

State down 23% Local down 11%





Data from 1972-1976 not shown

GALLUP

Begin with Trust

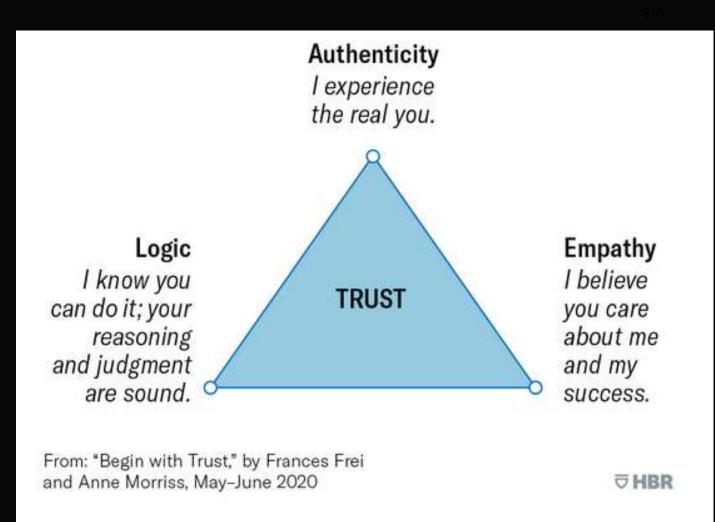
The first step to becoming a genuinely empowering leader by Frances

X. Frei and Anne Morriss

From the Magazine (May-June 2020)



Holly Andres



City Budgeting for Equity and Resiliency (CBER Initiative)



CITY BUDGETING FOR EQUITY & RECOVERY

GFOA was a partner

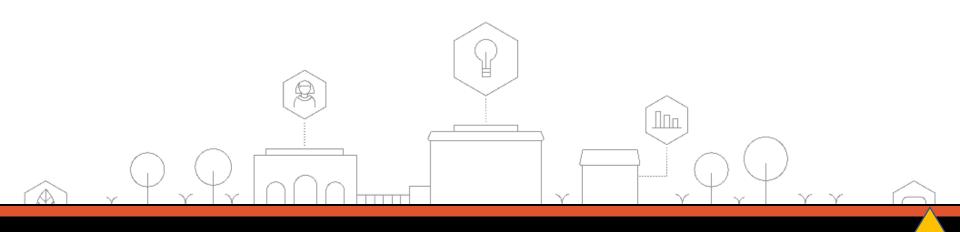
The City Budgeting for Equity and Recovery (CBER) program from What Works

Cities provides a unique opportunity for budget and finance leaders in cities to:

- 1 *Learn* from other municipal finance experts
- 2 Problem solve with a network of peers
- 3 Share ideas and solutions on pressing fiscal challenges, and

What Works Cities

4 **Receive i**mplementation support for a viable course of action for the city



The 28 U.S. cities committed to budgeting for equity and recovery in their communities

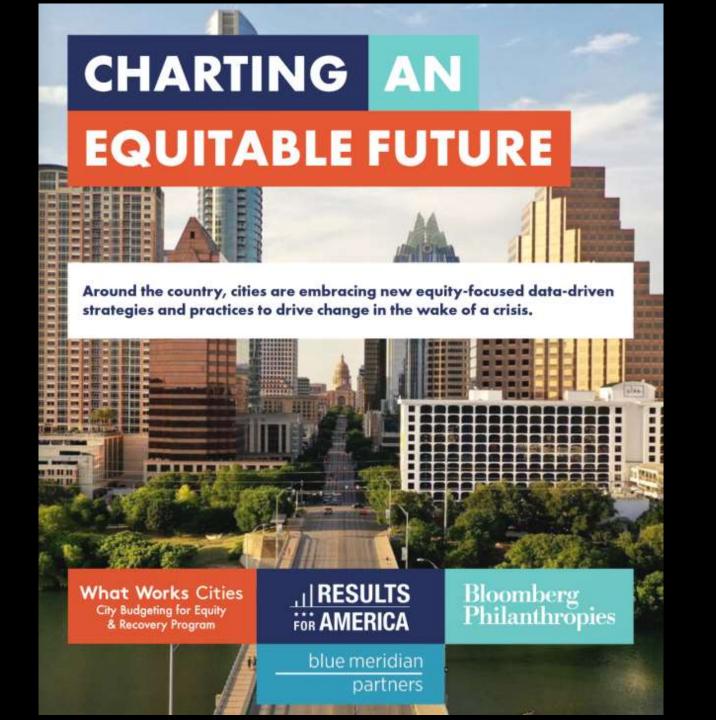


CITY BUDGETING FOR EQUITY & RECOVERY

Tacoma Denver West Palm Beach Lincoln Columbus Syracuse Akron Chattanooga Columbia Durham Peoria Rochester Fort Collins Madison

Toledo Springfield Providence Tampa Chula Vista Savannah Pueblo Birmingham Austin Salt Lake City New Orleans Oakland Seattle Philadelphia







What Works Cities City Budgeting for Equity & Recovery (CBER)

- 1. Pursue formal Structural Changes to Advance Equity
 - a. Equity Assessment Tool (Austin)
 - b. Budget Equity Committee (Philadelphia)
- 2. Be Deliberate in Finding Opportunities to Prioritize Equity
 - a. Incorporate equity into official budget forms
- Redefine Collaboration The How and the Why
 - a. Participatory Budget Process (Philadelphia)
 - b. Dashboard includes equity (Austin)



- Recognize where inequity currently exists
 - Differences in access to opportunity between different people and neighborhoods
 - Don't let budget cuts exacerbate these inequities
- Use data when possible and supplement with narratives bring numbers to life with stories
- Note that low-income communities often mistrust government and therefore do not always call for service (ex: 311 calls for sidewalk repairs may be higher from wealthier neighborhoods although the needs are greater in parts of the city)
 - Assess geography of complaints and feedback
 - Be pro-active in reaching out to under-served neighborhoods.

Two Perspectives to Consider on the Equity Impact of Budget Cuts

Perspective #1: Service Impact

Perspective #2: Location Impact

What is the potential for reduced access to services?

Fewer places to receive service?

Fewer hours of service delivered?

Fewer employees to provide a service?

Longer response times?

What is the potential for reduced quality of service?

Will the quality be measurably lower?

Will the quality meet citizen expectations/needs?

Is the service provided to the entire municipality with little variance by neighborhood?

Could vulnerable populations be hurt by the cut?

Is the service delivered from a central location and available to the community at-large, but which is used by specific segments of the community?

If so, are those segments a vulnerable population?

Is the service delivered at locations distributed throughout the city with a service population local to the site?

Are the populations served vulnerable?

Is the service one where staff are mobile, but focus on particular neighborhoods?

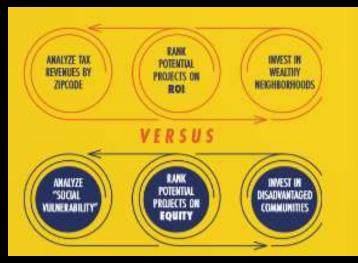
Are those neighborhoods vulnerable?



The multi-year capital planning process can be readily adapted to achieve enduring outcomes.

by WHAT WORKS CITIES and PFM¹

- Prioritize projects that align with long-term strategic goals
- Develop a more impactful community benefits agreement structure
- Formalize the "% for X" investment goals in major capital projects
- Connect capital budgets and workforce development
- Seek strategies for co-investment
- Set a future focused investment strategy

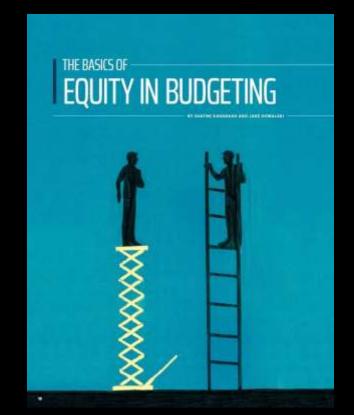


In Raleigh, North Carolina, the city explicitly measures environmental and social, as well as economic, outcomes of projects (the "triple bottomline") in its 2030 Comprehensive Plan.⁷

GFOA Initiative on Equity in Budgeting

The Basics of Equity in Budgeting

"By taking equity into account, a local government can reduce the pain experienced by disadvantaged parts of the community as well as that experienced by the community as a whole."



"The Basics of Equity in Budgeting," Kavanaugh, Shane, Kowalski, Jake, *Government Finance Review*, February 2021

Equality v. Equity

Equality means treating all people the same.

Equity means people could be treated differently in the interest of giving all people access to health, safety, and welfare (the fundamental purposes of local government)



"The Basics of Equity in Budgeting," Kavanaugh, Shane, Kowalski, Jake, *Government Finance Review*, February 2021

Measuring Achievement

Exhibit 3 :: Decomposition of Opportunities and Outcomes



"The Basics of Equity in Budgeting," Kavanaugh, Shane and Kowalski, Jake, Government Finance Review, February 2021

Applying Equity in Budgeting

A local government has goals that describe why government exists in the first place. Here, we see the goals of health, safety and welfare to correspond with the basic purposes of local government, but each local government will have its own goals.



"The Basics of Equity in Budgeting," Kavanaugh, Shane, Kowalski, Jake, *Government Finance Review*, February 2021

What are the practical concerns with equity in budgeting

A fundamental tension between equality & equity has to do with fairness

- Equality as a budget principle provides a simple straightforward definition of fairness: everyone is treated the same
- Equity brings a different perspective to fairness, one that is more nuance that brings practical concerns about measurement and allocation of resources

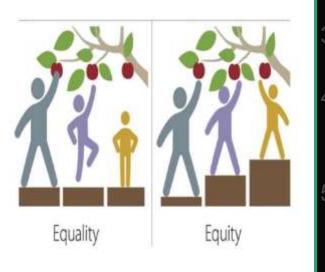
How to apply an equity lens

- Identify goals that can clearly describe why your local government exists
- Describe how your budget enhances, maintains, and supports the quality of life of the community
- Establish equity as an important consideration in how the goals are achieved
- When cutting back the budget, are you considering how those cuts could worsen inequalities
- Develop a program inventory to give you a better insight into what your government does now and what it might do differently in the future





COVID 19 Equity Response Tool



COVID 19 Relief Funding:

A huge opportunity to address inequities:

- What are the racial and economic equity impacts of this decision?
- Who will benefit from and/or be burdened by this decision?
- 3. Is this accessible regardless of ability or status?
- Will this effort help rebuild toward a just, equitable, and sustainable future?
- 5. Are there strategies to mitigate any unintended negative consequences of this decision?



Key Takeaways

- The case for equity in local government budgeting -- Concepts of fairness, process, and justice are universal and equity is a core aspect of how cities/counties/school districts are rethinking the budget.
- How local governments are approaching equity goals Depending on your government's goals and objectives,
 measuring achievement may look different, but planning and
 communications are critical to the success of the initiative.
- Tools and frameworks for local governments -- The GFOA provides frameworks to support efforts to bring equity considerations into budgeting at gfoa.org



Relevant GFOA Research Reports



https://www.gfoa.org/materials/fee s-fines-foreitures https://www.gfoa.org/fairness

https://www.gfoa.org/materials/ time-for-change





gfoa.org/rethinking-revenue



SIX CRITERIA TO JUDGE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE



Some Final Thoughts

INCLUSION

Thoughts, ideas, and perspectives of all individuals matter

BELONGING

Engages full potential of the individual, where innovation thrives, and views, beliefs, and values are integrated

EQUITY

The fair treatment of all people to ensure full participation and advancement

DIVERSITY

Multiple identities are represented



Equality?

Evenly distributed tools and assistance

Equity

Custom tools that identify and address inequalilty



Justice

Fixing the system to offer equal access to both tools and opportunities



Thank You



gfoa.org